Carbon Reduction Plan

Supplier name: Aareon UK Limited

Publication date: 17th March 2023.....

Commitment to achieving Net Zero

Aareon UK Limited is committed to achieving Net Zero emissions by 2050.

Baseline Emissions Footprint

Baseline emissions are a record of the greenhouse gases that have been produced in the past and were produced prior to the introduction of any strategies to reduce emissions. Baseline emissions are the reference point against which emissions reduction can be measured.

Baseline Year: Jan – Dec 2019

Additional Details relating to the Baseline Emissions calculations.

This is Aareon UK's first report on emissions. The baseline year of 2019, as with the rest of the country the business activities were affected by the pandemic over the last 2 years.

We have included the recommended 5 scope 3 elements, although we have no up stream or downstream distribution in the business.

The figures quoted although correct, we have made assumptions as to employees use of energy within their own homes. This could be something we will try to get more accurate information on in the future.

Baseline year emissions: 1 st Jan – 31 st December 2019		
EMISSIONS	TOTAL (tCO ₂ e)	
Scope 1	As we are a software developer, we do not generate anything from manufacturing processes. We did however have a number of company cars ranging from 13 at the start of the year which had dropped to 9 by the end of 2019. For this calculation we are using the 13 cars averaging 18,937km each. 18,937kms x 0.17710 (See business travel below) x 13 = 43,599 tCO2e	

Scope 2	We have 3 offices Kenilworth $394.64m^2$, Southampton $308.34m^2$ and Swansea $510.95m^2$. Our electricity bill across the three offices for 2019 was £32,500. Using British Gas's average for a large house an annual bill
	of £703.48 generates 4,300kWh of electricity. We calculated that our £32,500 was equal to 198.655.257kWh. Using the formulae kWh x 0.21233kgCO2e \div 1,000 = tCO2e, from https://netzeroedinburgh.org/howto-calculate-your-businesss-carbon-footprint/. We calculated that we generated 42.2 tCO2e across the three sites.

Scope 3 (Included Sources)	4. Upstream transportation and Distribution – we don't have any transportation or distribution costs as we don't manufacture any tangible items.
	5. Waste generated in operations – we don't presently have this information it could be something we look at in the future.
	6. Business travel – We took 82 internal flights with an average distance of 277kms (<u>https://www.carbonindependent.org/22.html</u>). On average, passenger aviation emitted 90 grams of CO₂ per passenger-kilometer in 2019 . 82trips x 277kms x 0.009kg = 204.4 tCO2e .
	Our car business travel totalled 395970.1kms x 0.17710 (<u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/government-</u> <u>conversionfactors-for-company-reporting</u>) using 2019 figures = 70,126.3 tCO2e .
	7. Employee commuting – in 2019 we had 125 staff, with 81 based in the 3 offices. Using, <u>https://www.sme-news.co.uk/new-survey-reveals-</u> largeregional-differences-in-workers-commuting-experience/. The average commute is 23 miles. 365 days in the year, 261 are business days, 8 bank holidays, 25 annual leave, leaves 228 working days. For the 81 office based staff their commute for the year was approx. 424,764.
	The average CO2 emissions per car in the UK in 2019 was 223.7grams per mile (<u>https://www.nimblefins.co.uk/average-co2-emissions-car-uk</u>).
	The tCO2e for employees commuting in 2019 is estimated to be 95,019.71 tCO2e .
	Home workers in 2019 totalled 44. 365 days in the year, 261 are business days, 8 bank holidays, 25 annual leave, leaves 228 working days. Employees work 7.5 hours per day they work, which is 0.3125 of a full 24 hours.
	Gas
	The average gas usage 13,600kWh/year. kWh x 0.18316kgCO2e \div 1,000 = tCO2e. As above 228 working days in the year, employees work 7.5 hours per day, which is 0.3125 of a 24 hour day. We calculated 228 \div 365 x 13,600kWh x 0.3125 x 44 = kWh.
	116,810.96kWh x 0.18316kgCO2e ÷ 1,000 = 21.4tCO2e .
	Electric
	The average electric usage 3,600kWh/year. kWh x 0.21233kgCO2e ÷ 1.000 = tCO2e. As above 228 working days in the year, employees work

	7.5 hours per day, which is 0.3125 of a 24 hour day. We calculated 228 \div 365 x 3,600kWh x 0.3125 x 44 = 30,920.55kWh. 30,920.55kWh x 0.18316kgCO2e \div 1,000 = 7.3tCO2e .
	9. Downstream transportation and distribution - we don't have any transportation or distribution costs as we don't manufacture any tangible items.
	Scope 3 = 165,379.11tCO2e
Total Emissions	209020.3tCO2e

Current Emissions Reporting

Reporting Year: 1 st Jan – 31 st December 2022	
EMISSIONS	TOTAL (tCO₂e)
Scope 1	As we are a software developer, we do not generate anything from manufacturing processes.
	We no longer have any company cars.
	0tCO2e
Scope 2	Using the same formulae as above we generated a total of 17.43tCO2e across our three sites
Scope 3 (Included Sources)	4. Upstream transportation and Distribution – we don't have any transportation or distribution costs as we don't manufacture any tangible items.
	5. Waste generated in operations – we do not presently have this information. It will in any event be very limited if any as we are a technology company creating and developing software and associated cloud services.

	6. Business travel – We took 37 internal flights, totalling approximately 24,241.39km (https://www.carbonindependent.org/22.html). On average, passenger aviation emitted 90 grams of CO ₂ per passenger-kilometre . 24,241.39 x 0.009kg = 218.17 tCO2e .
	Our car business travel totalled 63,101.5miles x 0.27465 (<u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/government-</u> <u>conversionfactors-for-company-reporting</u>) using 2022 figures = 17,330.83 tCO2e .
	7. Employee commuting – in 2022 our offices were closed, until May and then we opened a hybrid form of working. There were 453 instances of staff attending our offices in 2022. 453 (trips) x 23 (average commute) x 0.27465 (the ghp conversion factor) = 2,861.578 tCO2e
	Home workers in 2022 totalled 111. 365 days in the year, 261 are business days, 8 bank holidays, 25 annual leave, leaves 228 working days. Employees work 7.5 hours per day they work, which is 0.3125 of a full 24 hours.
	Gas
	The average gas usage 17,000kWh/year. kWh x 0.18kgCO2e \div 1,000 = tCO2e. As above 228 working days in the year, employees work 7.5 hours per day, which is 0.3125 of a 24 hour day. We calculated 228 \div 365 x 17,000kWh x 0.3125 x 111 = 368,352.74kWh.
	368,352.74kWh x 0.18kgCO2e ÷ 1,000 = 66.3tCO2e .
	Electric
	The average electric usage 4,300kWh/year. kWh x 0.19338kgCO2e \div 1,000 = tCO2e. As above 228 working days in the year, employees work 7.5 hours per day, which is 0.3125 of a 24 hour day. We calculated 228 \div 365 x 4,300kWh x 0.3125 x 111 = 93,171.58kWh.
	93,171.58kWh x 0.19338kgCO2e ÷ 1,000 = 18.02tCO2e .
	9. Downstream transportation and distribution - we don't have any downstream transportation or distribution costs as we are a technology company and we don't manufacture any tangible items.
	Scope 3 = 20,494.898tCO2e
Total Emissions	20,512.328tCO2e

Emissions reduction targets

In order to continue our progress to achieving Net Zero, we have adopted the following carbon reduction targets.

We closed our head office in December 2022. We are looking to close our remaining 2 offices in the course of 2023. We are looking to open an office on a short contract term for staff in and around Southampton, this will be for a maximum of 8 staff working per day.

We have continued with our 'green consulting' with staff delivering services via electronic means rather than travelling to customer sites to reduce our carbon footprint. This is something that has continued since the pandemic and nearly all services are now delivered by this method. Only when a customer insists we deliver on their site do we travel to deliver our services. We will continue to promote remote delivery to all our customers in an effort to eliminate the need for any site delivery by our employees.

We are committed to working towards Net Zero, Aareon UK anticipates that it will have completed its Net Zero plan by 2050.

Our figures for 2022 should be closer to that of a realistic year of operations, although with the closure of the offices in 2023 this will further decrease our emissions in the forth coming years. We predict our footprint to decrease further in 2023 and then with the continued measures we will be looking to introduce we are confident that we will achieve our goal of Net Zero by 2050.

We project that carbon emissions will decrease to at least 169355 tCO₂e by 2025. This is a reduction of 20%.

Carbon Reduction Projects

Completed Carbon Reduction Initiatives

The following environmental management measures and projects have been completed or implemented since the 2019 baseline. The carbon emission reduction achieved by these schemes equate to 50,012tCO₂e, a 24%ge reduction against the 2019 baseline and the measures will be in effect when performing the contract.

• We hold the ISO 14001 certificate currently and will continue to work to ensure we continue to hold this going forward.

In the future we will implement further measures such as:

- Zero company cars.
- 100% 'green consulting' that is to say may all delivery of all our services by remote means over the internet/cloud
- In 2023 we will reduce our office premises from 2 to 1, with a corresponding reduction in emissions and carbon footprint.
- We have introduced hybrid working across our offices reducing the number of days employees are required to attend our offices by at least 80%.
- We will continue to introduce methods to reduce our carbon footprint in the coming years and commit to investigate and make all efficiency savings, such as better use

of technology, recycling of equipment instead of replacement, using renewable energy, identifying any waste generated.

Declaration and Sign Off

This Carbon Reduction Plan has been completed in accordance with PPN 06/21 and associated guidance and reporting standard for Carbon Reduction Plans.

Emissions have been reported and recorded in accordance with the published reporting standard for Carbon Reduction Plans and the GHG Reporting Protocol corporate standard¹ and uses the appropriate Government emission conversion factors for greenhouse gas company reporting².

Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions have been reported in accordance with SECR requirements, and the required subset of Scope 3 emissions have been reported in accordance with the published reporting standard for Carbon Reduction Plans and the Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Standard³.

This Carbon Reduction Plan has been reviewed and signed off by the board of directors (or equivalent management body).

Signed on behalf of the Supplier:

Meriel Sommers, Director, Aareon UK Limited

Date: 17th March 2023

¹ https://ghgprotocol.org/corporate-standard

² https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/government-conversion-factors-for-company-reporting ³ https://ghgprotocol.org/standards/scope-3-standard